8 118

CERTIFIED THAT:

No. 36870295 Rank Pfc. NAME (print) HANSON, Palmer T.

CLAIMS ASSIGNMENT TO FOLLOWING UNIT Co. F; 137th Inf. Regt., 35 Div.

has been fully/briefly interrogated by an Intelligence Officer of

I.S. 9 (NEA) on 21 December 1944, has signed a Security

Certificate, and is not considered suspect.

He should/should not be re-interrogated.

Security reasons do/do not/ exist preventing his return to combat

duty.

He was a PW/Evader/ for a period of 24 days.

IMPORTANT:

THIS CERTIFICATE MUST BE RETAINED AND HANDED TO (BRITISH) AN OFFICER OF M.I.9 OR (AMERICAN), AN OFFICER OF PW & X DET.-MIS ON ARRIVAL IN U.K. OR U.S.A.

	SECRET 6 31 DEC 1044
	E. 3 W. RICOPP No. I.S. 9 (WEA). /8/567/2557 TOPK STECRET
	(Applies to all ERITISH; CAMADIAN, U.S. & ALLIED ERRECHMEL)
	THAT THE OF Country France
	For all Personnel.
1.	No 36870295 Rank Pfc (U.K. Astrag, Temp. or 3/S)
2.	Decorations: (U.S.A.A.F.: No. of misoford) None
3.	Were you wounded? Give detable No
11-0	Ship (Navy), Unit (Arry), Son. (Air Force). Co. F., 137th Inf. Regt
5.	Div. (Army) or Gp. (Air Force) 35th. Div G. Gob. (21. God., Bra., etc.) Rifleman
	Date of Birth. 14. April. 1921 Elicogto of Sarviced Yr., 4 Mons
	Peace time occupation. Truck Driver M.G. Erivate address. C/o Robert Hanson.
11.	Box. 13, Orchard. Lake: Michigan
12.	Do you speak French, or any other foreign language? None
	FOR R.A.P. ONLY.
13.	No. and location of C.T.U
14.	No. and location of Conversion Unit./
	FOR ALL AIR FORCE HERSONNEL AND/OR AIRDOTHE OR PARACHULE TROOPS WHO BALE OUT.
15.	Post in Crew for the formation of the contract of the c
	Other members of crew, and information about what has happened to them. N.B Airborns and Parachute Troops: last below names and units of other occupants of plane, including R.A.F. and U.S.A.A.F.
	PILOT
	NAVIGATUR
	PONZARDIED.
	HADRO OFFIRATOR
	TOP TOTAL GUNER
	BALL TURKER GUINER
	WALET CUNNER (R.)
	HALL ATTAIL
17.	Type of aircraft, place, date, time of departures ././
18.	Where and when aid you come down? Near CHATRAU SALINS, 30.0ct.1944, 1930 hrs
19.	How did you dispose of your parachute, harness and mae west?
	U F D C C N U 3 D D D J D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D
20.	Wars all secret papers and equipment destroyed? Had none

	Interview by I.S.9. (WMA)
A++ c	Date. 21 December 1944
1 500	

A+tant Appendix "D"

Cameron J. LaClair, Jr. 1st Lt AC

Disposal: .17th Repl. Depot

Major-

Distribution: Hq. I.S.9(WEA)....3 A-2, 9th AF.....1 File.....1 Total 5



E & E Report No. I. S. 9(WEA) /8/567/2557

I had gone to see my brothers in the 553rd Engrs and was on my way back to my outfit. The people who gave me a lift let me off on the wrong road. As a result I was wandering through some woods alone looking for my outfit when I was surprised by a group of Germans. I dropped my gun and they took me prisoner. I was taken back to a little village where I was put in a cellar for the night. In this same cellar I met a boy from the 4th Armored Div. Before being put in the cellar a German corporal took my name, rank, and serial number. This was my only interrogation.

Next morning (Ithink it was 31 Oct. 1944) the lad from the 4th Armored and I were taken to BENESTROFF where we were put to various tasks which we continued to carry out all during the period of our capture. These tasks included chopping wood from the sides of trees (so that explosives could be placed in the chopped away portion to be detonated to form road blocks), making ground fortifications and gun emplacements out of logs and earth, and carrying ammunition, most of it mortar ammunition in wicker baskets. This we were forced to carry on our backs almost to the front lines. We worked during the day, spending the nights in the cellar of one of the abandoned houses of the village, of course, under guard. We were given food three times a day, frequently a sort of stew made from grain and freshly killed beef. Occassionally we got some sort of greasy pook. Once or twice we were given milk —— too dirty to drink. I was not able to tell if this was the same type of food the Germans were eating or not, but since there were only two of us prisoner, it probably was the same. In general our treatment was fair; we were never physically mistreated.

When the Americans began shelling the town, my companion and I ran into a barn facing the street on which we were working, burying ourselves deep in the hay. All this happened, I think, at about noon on the 22nd of November. We remained where we were all night -- until about 1000 hours the next morning when we ventured out. By this time the Americans were in the town, so we reported to a lieutenant who gave us a K-ration and told us to go find our outfit.